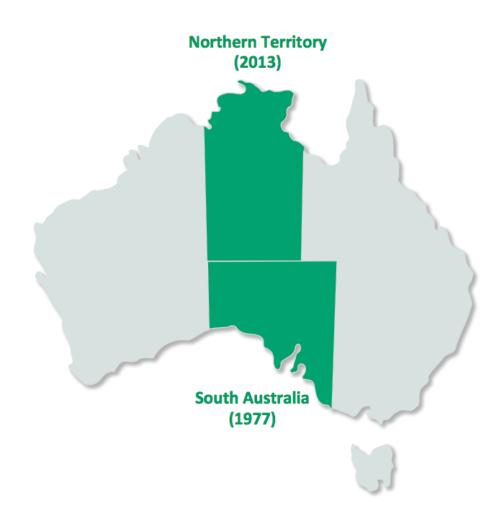






(1.9m have access to DRS)



State		Population	Mandate Enacted	Mandate Implemented			
1.	Northern Territory	0.2m	2011	2012			
2.	South Australia	1.7m	1975	1977			







# **NORTHERN TERRITORY**

Population: 0.2m

Website: www.ntepa.nt.gov.au/container-deposits



### **MANDATE**

Environment Protection (Beverage Containers and Plastic Bags) Act

Enacted: 2011 Implemented: 2012 Updated: 2014

Authority: Environment Protection Authority

### PROGRAM SCOPE

Material: All

Beverage type: Containers <11: flavoured milk; pure fruit/vegetable juice; water in

aseptic packs/casks; some wine-based beverages

Containers ≤31: carbonated soft drinks; non-carbonated soft drinks (including but not limited to: fruit/juice based drinks containing < 90% juice, sports drinks, vitamin drinks, energy drinks, ready-to-drink cordials), water that is not in an aseptic pack/cask;

beer/ales/stouts/cider; spirit-based beverages; some wine-based

beverages

Excluded: Unflavored milk; soy milk; cordial bottles (undiluted); concentrated

fruit and/or vegetable juice intended to be diluted before

consumption; still or sparkling wine (in glass)

### **DEPOSITS AND FEES**

Deposit: AUD\$0.10 (€0.07, USD\$0.08)

Unredeemed deposits: Remains with producer/filler

Handling Fee: Negotiated. Depots may be compensated for "reasonable costs"

related to handling the containers by the CDS coordinator to whom

they deliver the container.

### SYSTEM OPERATOR

Clearing System: Decentralized

System Operator & Administrator: Beverage industry and private operators

System Finance: Administration Fee/Unredeemed deposits/Material scrap

## **REDEMPTION SYSTEM**

Return to Depot: 11 authorized collection depots, one of which ended operations in

November 2014

Material owner: CDS Coordinators

CDS coordinators coordinate the activities of those involved in the deposit return scheme and have arrangements with depots across the Territory. They coordinate the return of empty containers from collection

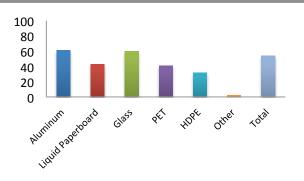




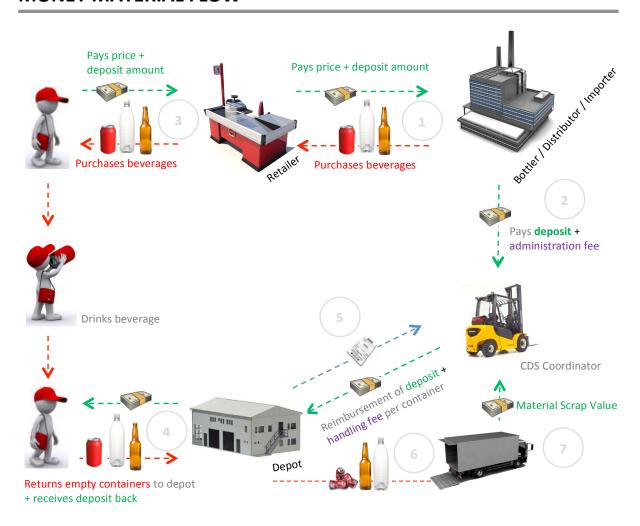
depots, reimburse depots for refunds paid to consumers, and pay depots a handling fee, sell the containers to material recyclers and processors for recycling, reuse or recovery of energy. CDS coordinators, in turn, claim the deposit and handling fee from the beverage filler.

## **SYSTEM RESULTS (2015-16)**

Total Return Rate:	54%
Aluminum	61%
Liquid Paperboard	43%
Glass	60%
PET	41%
HDPE	32%
Other	2%



### **MONEY MATERIAL FLOW**









# **SOUTH AUSTRALIA**

Population: 1.7m

Website: www.epa.sa.gov.au/environmental\_info/container\_deposit

### **MANDATE**

**Beverage Container Act** 

Enacted: 1975 Implemented: 1977

Authority: Environmental Protection Agency

### PROGRAM SCOPE

Material: Glass, aluminum, HDPE, PET, liquid paperboard

Beverage type: Container types < 11: Water in aseptic packs/casks; pure

fruit/vegetable juice (containing at least 90% fruit jiuce and/or vegetable juice); flavoured milk; wine in aseptic packs/casks; flavoured alcoholic beverages with a wine base in aspectic

packs/casks

Container types ≤ 31: Carbonated soft drinks; non-carbonated soft drinks, water (plain, still or carbonated); Beers/ales/stout, wine based beverages (wine cooler and similar beverages), spirit-based beverages, alcoholic beverages (derived from the fermentation of

fruit)

Excluded: Wine in glass bottles; plain, unflavoured milk; concentrated fruit

and/or vegetable juice intended to be diluted before consumption;

cordial (undiluted)

### **DEPOSITS AND FEES**

Deposit: Initiated by Producer/Distributor/Importer

Deposit value: AUD\$0.10 (€0.07, USD\$0.08)

Unredeemed deposits: Remains with producer/filler

Handling Fee: Negotiated between producer/super collector

### SYSTEM OPERATOR

Clearing System: Decentralized
System Operator and Administrator: Beverage Industry

System Finance: Administration Fee/Unredeemed deposits/Material scrap

### REDEMPTION SYSTEM

Return to Depot: 126 licensed depots
Material owner: Super Collectors

The various container types and brands are sorted and prepared at the collection depots across the state for processing by the 'super collectors'. The super collectors act as agents for the beverage industry. They





coordinate the return of empty containers from collection depots, reimburse depots for refunds paid to consumers, and pay depots a handling fee, sell the containers to material recyclers and processors for recycling, reuse or recovery of energy. The super collector in turn claims the deposit and handling fee from the beverage filler.

# **SYSTEM RESULTS (2015-16)**

Total Return Rate:	76.5%	100						
Aluminum	84.3%	80						
Liquid Paperboard	61.9%	60						
Glass	79.3%	40						
PET	70.5%	20						
HDPE	56.4%	0						
			Inum	Liquid	Glass	PET	HOPE	√o <sup>tal</sup>
		.ur	11.	110	Q,	•	4,	~~

### **MONEY MATERIAL FLOW**

